All Things Work Together for Good

(Lesson 32)

Introduction:

- 1. The principle revealed in Romans 8:28 is illustrated many times in the Bible, including both the Old and New Testaments.
- 2. In this lesson we are studying another occasion when all things worked together for good in the life of Paul, the apostle who wrote this special passage.
- 3. We are examining events that occurred in Ephesus (Acts 18 & 19).

Discussion:

- I. (Acts 18:18-21) PAUL MADE A BRIEF VISIT TO EPHESUS
 - A. When Paul left Corinth, he took Aquila and Priscilla with him.
 - B. Paul left Aquila and Priscilla in Ephesus when he traveled to Jerusalem.
 - C. Paul planned to return to Ephesus.
- II. (Acts 18:24-28) APOLLOS VISITED EPHESUS
 - A. (vs.24-25) Apollos was a skilled teacher, but he only knew John's baptism (Mark 1:4-5).
 - 1. John's baptism was valid at one time, but it became invalid when Jesus gave His Great Commission.
 - 2. Apollos was teaching a baptism that was not valid.
 - B. (vs.26) Aquila and Priscilla taught Apollos "the way of God more perfectly."
 - C. (vs.27-28) Apollos left Ephesus and was of great assistance in Achaia.

III. (Acts 19:1-7) PAUL RETURNED TO EPHESUS

- A. (vs.1) After arriving in Ephesus, Paul found "certain disciples."
- B. (vs.2a) Paul asked them if they had received the Holy Spirit.
 - 1. The apostles were able to lay their hands on people who had been baptized so they could receive the Holy Spirit (Acts 8:14-17).
 - 2. Those who received the Holy Spirit in this miraculous way were able to exercise spiritual gifts (Romans 1:11; 1 Corinthians 12:8-10).
- C. (vs.2b) These people in Ephesus did not know about receiving the Holy Spirit.
- D. (vs.3a) This information led Paul to ask about their baptism.
- E. (vs.3b) They had received John's baptism.
- F. (vs.4) Paul showed them why John's baptism was no longer valid.
- G. (vs.5) They responded by being "baptized in the name of the Lord Jesus."
- H. (vs.6) Paul laid his hands on them, and they received the Holy Spirit.
- I. (vs.7) About twelve men were involved.

IV. LATER, PAUL WROTE IN EPHESIANS 4:4-6 THAT THERE IS "ONE BAPTISM"

- A. The Christians in Ephesus knew which one it is -- the baptism of the Great Commission.
- B. The one baptism is not:
 - 1. christening babies [a baby cannot believe, repent, or confess -- Acts 2:38; Romans 10:10]
 - 2. sprinkling or pouring [baptism is immersion or a burial -- Colossians 2:12]
 - 3. for the purpose of joining a religious group after being saved [a person is saved when he is scripturally baptized, and the Lord adds him to His church -- Mark 16:16; Acts 2:47].
- C. From Paul's contact with the people in Ephesus (Acts 19:1-7) we learn what a person needs to do who has not received the one baptism.